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AMENDMENT NO.

Calendar No.

Purpose: In the nature of a substitute.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES-117th Cong., 2d Sess.

H R.8404

AMENDMENT Nº 6487 Iarriage Act and ensure respect Schumer for Baldwin rriage, and for other purposes. Bv and HR-840L on To: to be printed e table and to be printed 6 Page(s) RE OF A SUBSTITUTE intended GPO: 2008 45-603 (mac) BALDWIN (for herself, Ms. COL-

LINS, Mr. PORTMAN, Ms. SINEMA, Mr. TILLIS, and Ms. LUMMIS)

Viz:

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the fol-1

lowing: 2

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE. 3

This Act may be cited as the "Respect for Marriage 4

Act". 5

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SEC. 2. FINDINGS. 6

7 Congress finds the following:

(1) No union is more profound than marriage, for it embodies the highest ideals of love, fidelity, de-

votion, sacrifice, and family. 10

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(2) Diverse beliefs about the role of gender in 1 marriage are held by reasonable and sincere people 2 based on decent and honorable religious or philo-3 sophical premises. Therefore, Congress affirms that 4 such people and their diverse beliefs are due proper 5 6 respect. (3) Millions of people, including interracial and 7 same-sex couples, have entered into marriages and 8 have enjoyed the rights and privileges associated 9 with marriage. Couples joining in marriage deserve 10 to have the dignity, stability, and ongoing protection 11 that marriage affords to families and children. 12 SEC. 3. REPEAL OF SECTION ADDED TO TITLE 28, UNITED 13 STATES CODE, BY SECTION 2 OF THE DE-14 15 FENSE OF MARRIAGE ACT. Section 1738C of title 28, United States Code, is re-16 17 pealed. SEC. 4. FULL FAITH AND CREDIT GIVEN TO MARRIAGE 18 19 EQUALITY. Chapter 115 of title 28, United States Code, as 20 amended by this Act, is further amended by inserting after 21 22 section 1738B the following:

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"§1738C. Certain acts, records, and proceedings and the effect thereof

3 "(a) IN GENERAL.—No person acting under color of4 State law may deny—

5 "(1) full faith and credit to any public act, 6 record, or judicial proceeding of any other State per-7 taining to a marriage between 2 individuals, on the 8 basis of the sex, race, ethnicity, or national origin of 9 those individuals; or

"(2) a right or claim arising from such a marriage on the basis that such marriage would not be
recognized under the law of that State on the basis
of the sex, race, ethnicity, or national origin of those
individuals.

"(b) ENFORCEMENT BY ATTORNEY GENERAL.—The 15 Attorney General may bring a civil action in the appro-16 17 priate United States district court against any person who violates subsection (a) for declaratory and injunctive relief. 18 "(c) PRIVATE RIGHT OF ACTION .--- Any person who 19 is harmed by a violation of subsection (a) may bring a 20 civil action in the appropriate United States district court 21 against the person who violated such subsection for declar-22 atory and injunctive relief. 23

24 "(d) STATE DEFINED.—In this section, the term
25 'State' has the meaning given such term under section 7
26 of title 1.".

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1 SEC. 5. MARRIAGE RECOGNITION.

2 Section 7 of title 1, United States Code, is amended3 to read as follows:

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4 "§7. Marriage

5 "(a) For the purposes of any Federal law, rule, or 6 regulation in which marital status is a factor, an indi-7 vidual shall be considered married if that individual's mar-8 riage is between 2 individuals and is valid in the State 9 where the marriage was entered into or, in the case of 10 a marriage entered into outside any State, if the marriage 11 is between 2 individuals and is valid in the place where 12 entered into and the marriage could have been entered 13 into in a State.

"(b) In this section, the term 'State' means a State,
the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto
Rico, or any other territory or possession of the United
States.

18 "(c) For purposes of subsection (a), in determining 19 whether a marriage is valid in a State or the place where 20 entered into, if outside of any State, only the law of the 21 jurisdiction applicable at the time the marriage was en-22 tered into may be considered.".

23 SEC. 6. NO IMPACT ON RELIGIOUS LIBERTY AND CON-24 SCIENCE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this Act, or anyamendment made by this Act, shall be construed to dimin-

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5 ish or abrogate a religious liberty or conscience protection

2 otherwise available to an individual or organization under3 the Constitution of the United States or Federal law.

(b) GOODS OR SERVICES.—Consistent with the First 4 Amendment to the Constitution, nonprofit religious orga-5 nizations, including churches, mosques, synagogues, tem-6 ples, nondenominational ministries, interdenominational 7 and ecumenical organizations, mission organizations, 8 faith-based social agencies, religious educational institu-9 10 tions, and nonprofit entities whose principal purpose is the study, practice, or advancement of religion, and any em-11 ployee of such an organization, shall not be required to 12 13 provide services, accommodations, advantages, facilities, goods, or privileges for the solemnization or celebration 14 of a marriage. Any refusal under this subsection to provide 15 such services, accommodations, advantages, facilities, 16 goods, or privileges shall not create any civil claim or 17 cause of action. 18

19 SEC. 7. STATUTORY PROHIBITION.

(a) NO IMPACT ON STATUS AND BENEFITS NOT
ARISING FROM A MARRIAGE.—Nothing in this Act, or any
amendment made by this Act, shall be construed to deny
or alter any benefit, status, or right of an otherwise eligible entity or person which does not arise from a marriage,
including tax-exempt status, tax treatment, educational

funding, or a grant, contract, agreement, guarantee, loan,
 scholarship, license, certification, accreditation, claim, or
 defense.

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4 (b) NO FEDERAL RECOGNITION OF POLYGAMOUS 5 MARRIAGES.—Nothing in this Act, or any amendment 6 made by this Act, shall be construed to require or author-7 ize Federal recognition of marriages between more than 8 2 individuals.

9 SEC. 8. SEVERABILITY.

10 If any provision of this Act, or any amendment made 11 by this Act, or the application of such provision to any 12 person, entity, government, or circumstance, is held to be 13 unconstitutional, the remainder of this Act, or any amend-14 ment made thereby, or the application of such provision 15 to all other persons, entities, governments, or cir-16 cumstances, shall not be affected thereby.